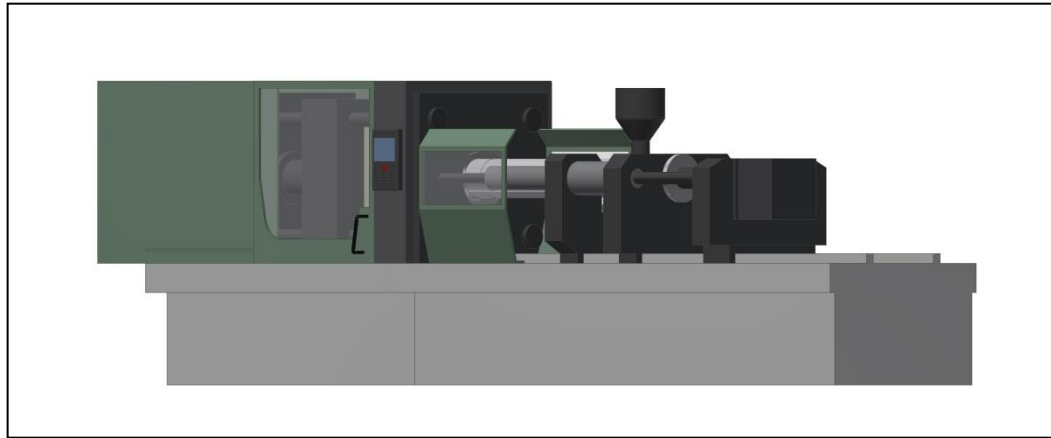


Shut-off Nozzles Overview

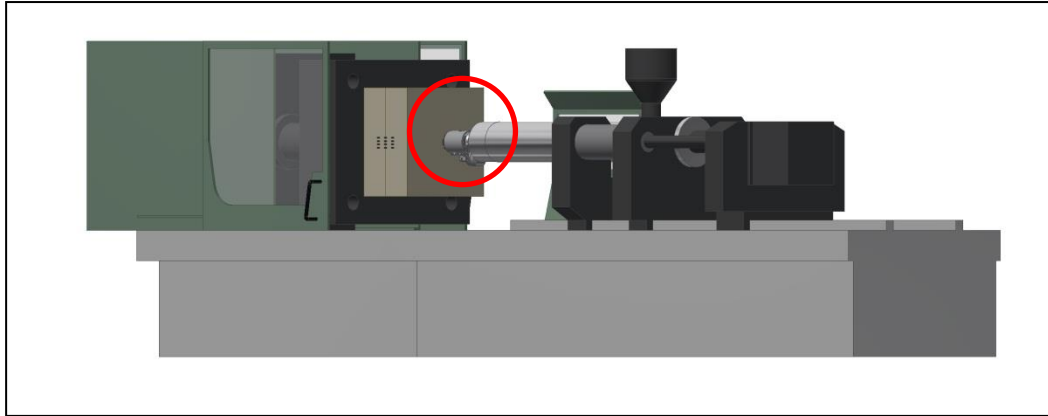
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herzog®



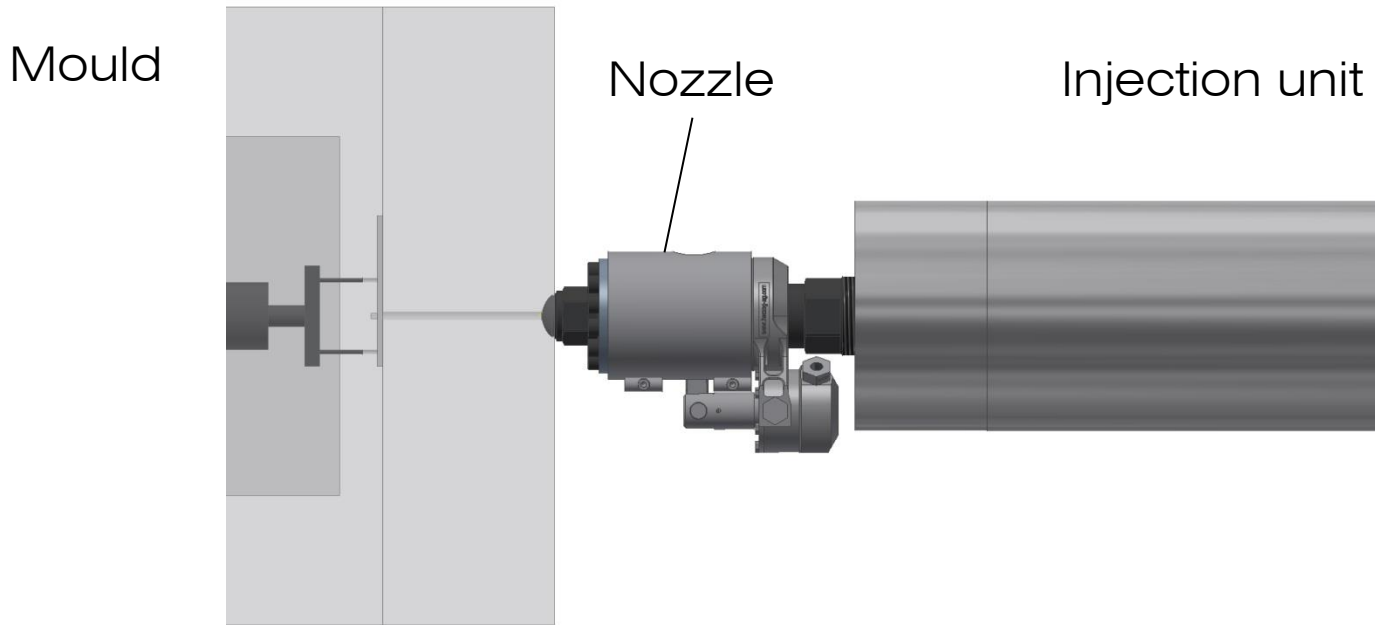
What are shut-off nozzles?

- Shut-off nozzles are used exclusively in plastic injection moulding processing
- Shut-off nozzles are installed at the crucial interface between heated injection unit and cooled mould
- Shut-off nozzles regulate the melt flow from cylinder to mould



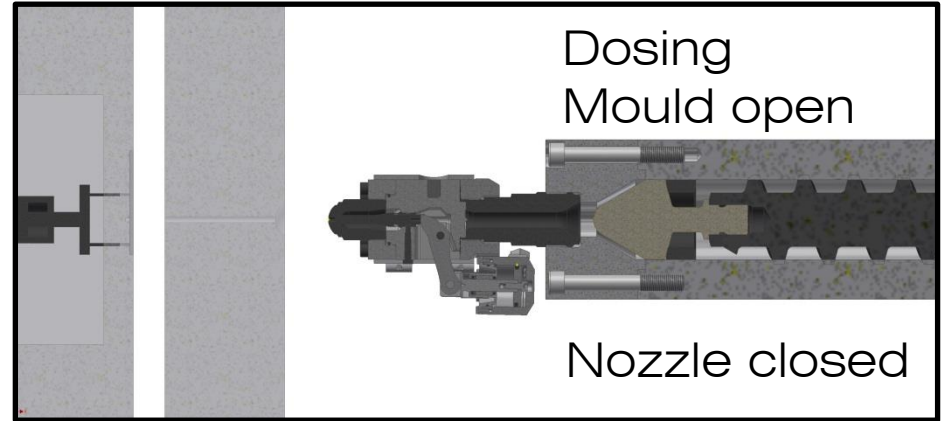
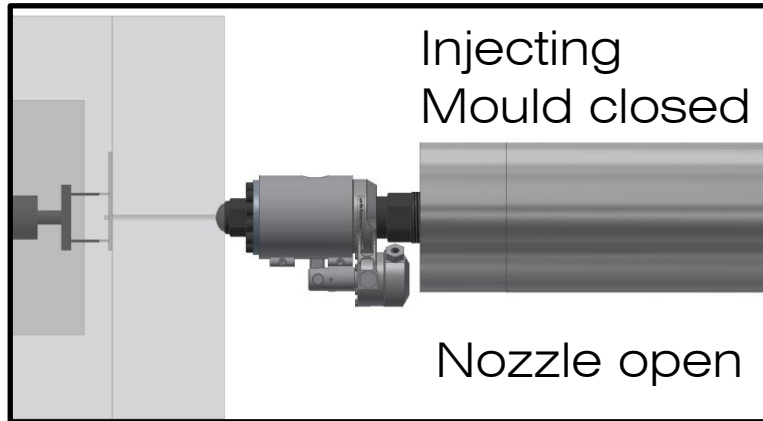
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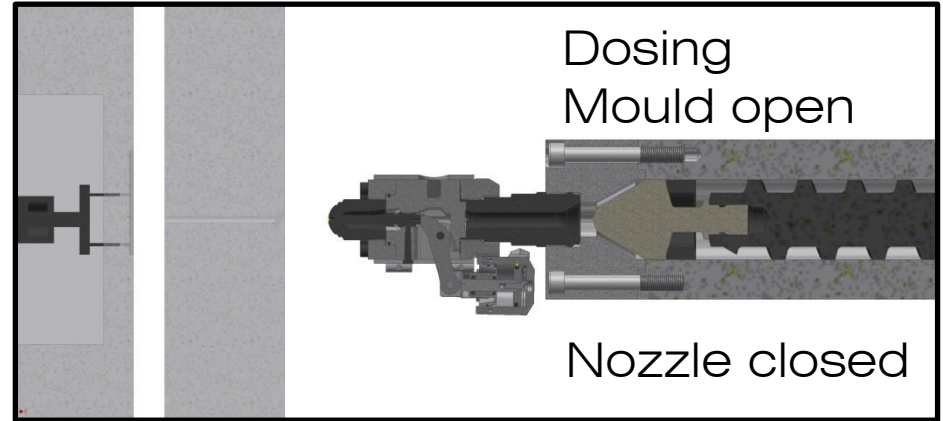
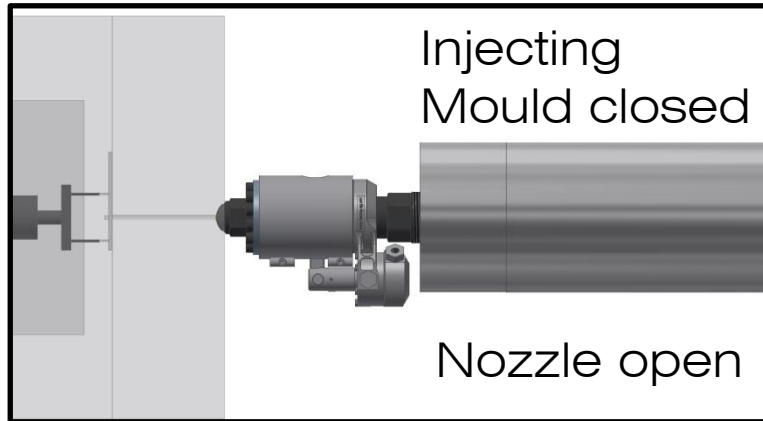
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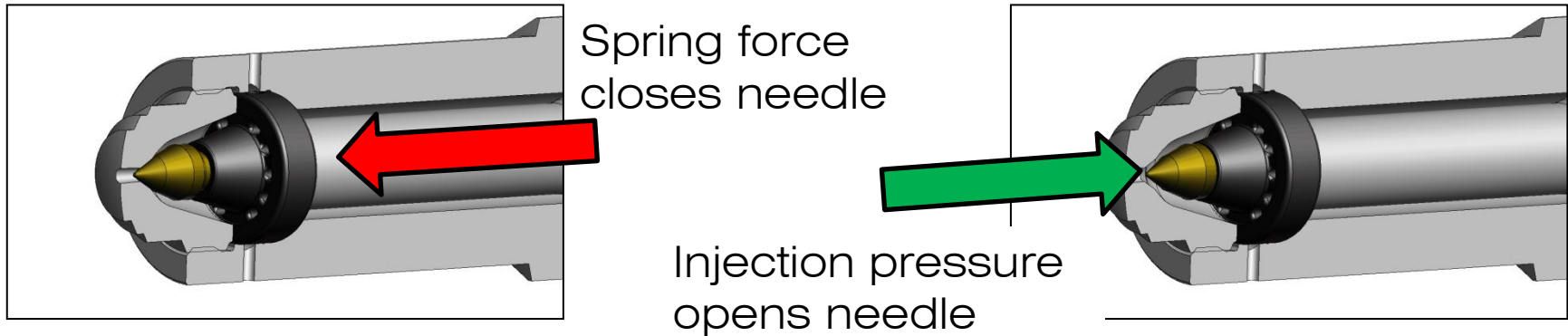
When are they used and what are the advantages?

- Shut-off nozzles prevent material drooling from the injection unit when it retracts from the mould
- Shut-off nozzles enable faster cycle times to be achieved by allowing dosing to begin immediately after injection (no need to wait for the mould to close)
- Shut-off nozzles help improve part consistency by ensuring each shot is loaded accurately (controlled back pressure / time)



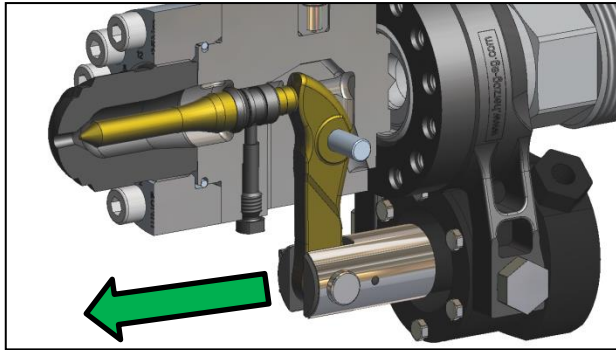
When are they used and what are the advantages?

- Shut-off nozzles facilitate advanced moulding techniques such as;
 - o physical foaming
 - o melt pre-compression
 - o multi component moulding

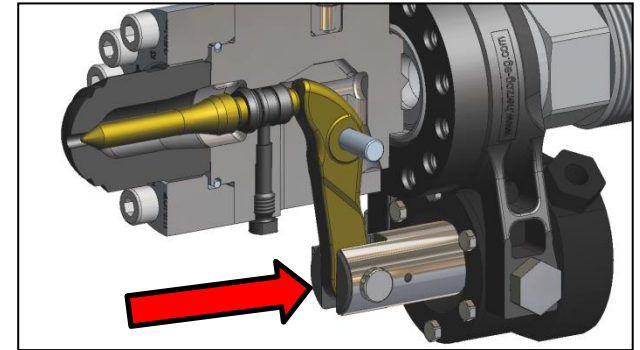


How do they work?

- There are two ways of operating shut-off nozzles;
 - o via injection pressure; the nozzle is closed in its standard state and opens once the injection pressure rises above a defined amount
 - o via hydraulic or pneumatic actuator; the nozzle is actively opened or closed through a command from the machine's control unit

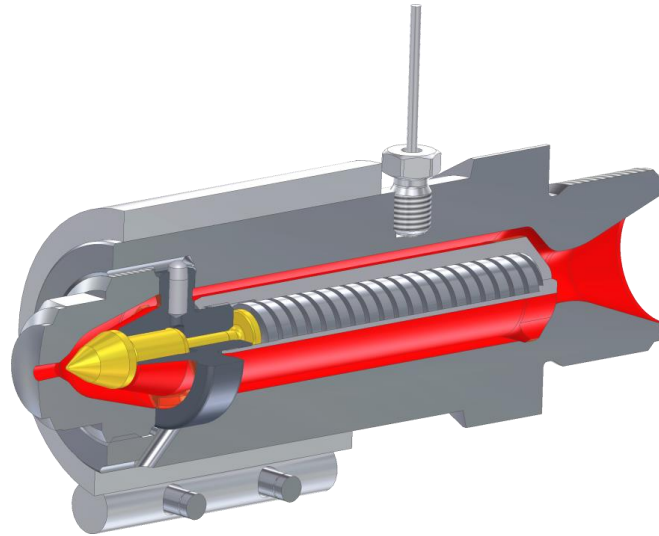


With actuator
two-way
opening and
closing



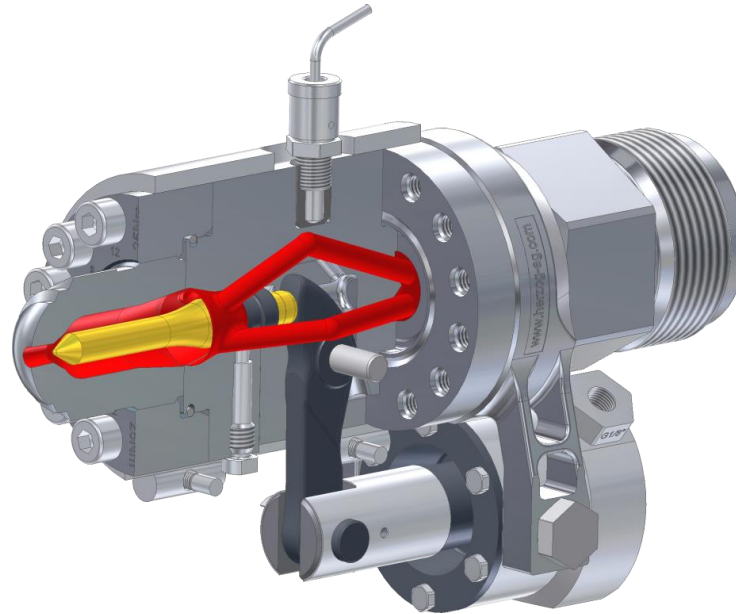
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What are the different types?

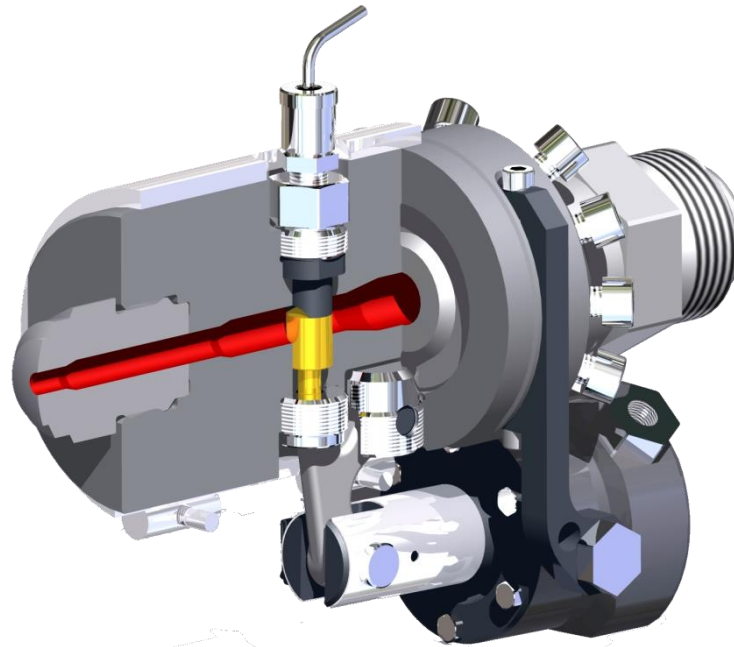
- Needle shut-off with pressure dependent spring operation
 - Shut-off needle positioned in-axis with the melt flow
 - Spring force holds the nozzle closed
 - Injection pressure overcomes the spring force to open the nozzle
 - Used for standard applications to prevent drooling with retracted injection unit
 - Requires regular cleaning and maintenance



What are the different types?

-Needle shut-off with hydraulic or pneumatic actuator

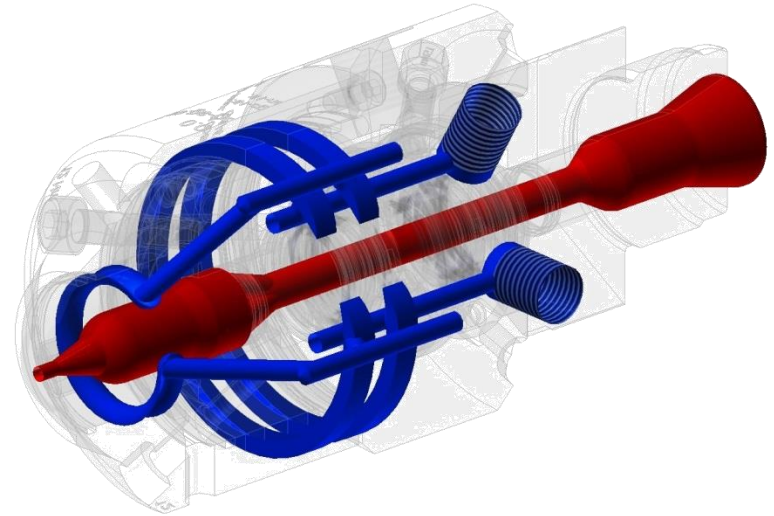
- Shut-off needle positioned in-axis with the melt flow
- Hydraulic or pneumatic actively opens or closes the nozzle
- Precise flow control
- Operation independent of melt flow or pressure
- Used for advanced moulding techniques, engineering plastics and aggressive materials
- Self-cleaning function, low maintenance



What are the different types?

-Bolt shut-off with hydraulic or pneumatic actuator

- Shut-off bolt positioned perpendicular to the melt flow
- Hydraulic or pneumatic actively opens or closes the nozzle
- Operation independent of melt flow
- Used for high-viscosity materials, large volume shots, very fast running machines
- Self-cleaning function, low maintenance



What are the different types?

- Needle shut-off with pneumatic actuator for elastomeric plastics
 - o Shut-off needle positioned in-axis with the melt flow
 - o Pneumatic actively opens or closes the nozzle
 - o Operation independent of melt flow
 - o Used for liquid silicone rubber
 - o Integrated cooling system; prevents material vulcanization in the nozzle

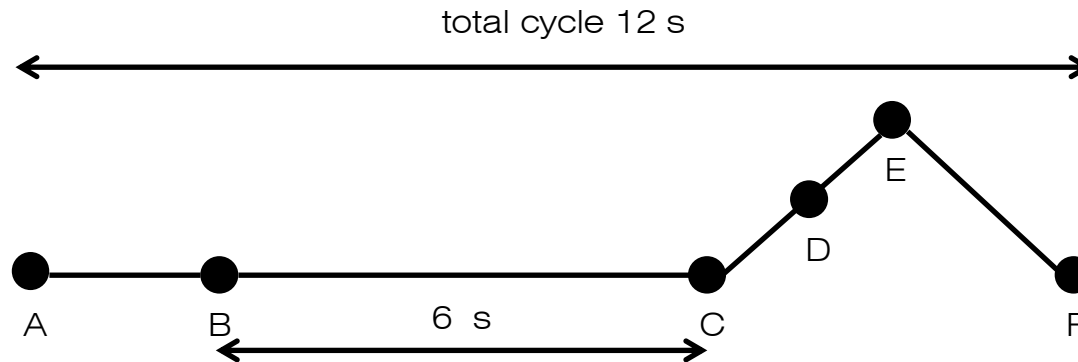
What is the productivity improvement?

Example 1

	Cycle time	Cycles per day	Extra cycles per day	Percentage difference
Without shut-off nozzle	10 sec.	8640	-	-
With shut-off nozzle	9 sec.	9600	960	11.11%

What is the productivity improvement?

Example 2 (without shut-off nozzle)

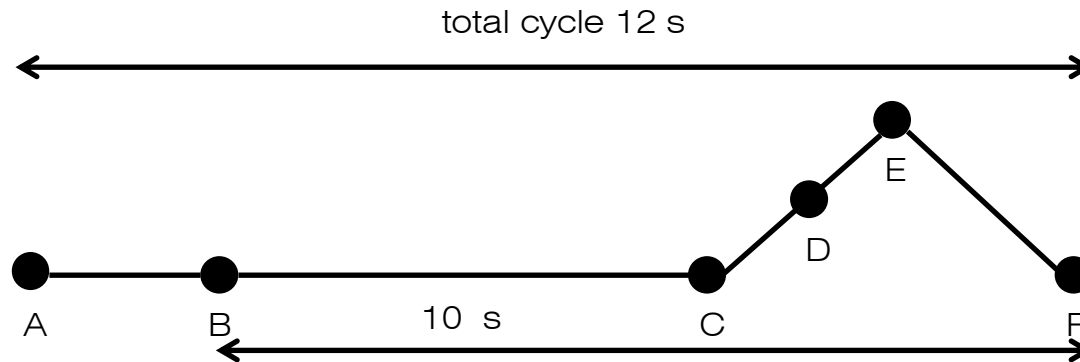


- AB Inject (and hold)
- BC Cooling cycle
- CE Mold opens
- D Ejection start
- E Ejection end
- EF Mold closes

Time available for plasticizing: 6 s (50%)

What is the productivity improvement?

Example 2 (with shut-off nozzle).



- AB Inject (and hold)
- BC Cooling cycle
- CE Mold opens
- D Ejection start
- E Ejection end
- EF Mold closes

Time available for plasticizing: 10 s (83%)